Ankle arthritis patients see improvement in outcomes scores with Ilizarov fixator

Patients also maintained a preoperative range of motion found to be 'reasonable' before fixation.

by Tina DiMarcoantonio
Orthopedics Today staff writer

TORONTO—Patients who underwent ankle distraction with an Ilizarov frame significantly improved in outcomes scores and successfully delayed fusion at a minimum of 1 year follow-up, in a retrospective study presented here. S. Robert Rozbruch, MD, and his colleagues evaluated this distraction technique in 23 patients with severe ankle osteoarthrits.

"There seems to be a need for a joint preservation procedure in a patient who has reasonable range of motion of the ankle with end-stage arthritis," Rozbruch said at the American Orthopaedic Foot and Ankle Society (AOFAS) 23rd Annual Summer Meeting.

"There is some scientific background for this technique, and it is based on the concept that cartilage can regenerate. There have been a number of basic science studies that have shown this."

**Device maintains mobility**

The investigators’ goal was to create an environment where damaged articular cartilage is mechanically unloaded through distraction and intermittent hydraulic pressure. Rozbruch said. "This was accomplished by walking on the frame, and also moving the ankle and maintaining range of motion," he said.

The circular external fixator allows distraction across the ankle, but also allows mobilization in the ankle joint by the placement of a large through the tibio-fibular articulation. Surgeons also encourage weightbearing in the device, Rozbruch said.

He and his colleagues obtained complete data for 23 patients. Patients (Fixator, continued on page 7)

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**Fixator**

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were an average 32.5 years old; there were 16 men and seven women in the study. Patients underwent ankle joint distraction for 10 weeks to 12 weeks and investigators performed follow-up at 1 year to 5 years, Rozbruch said.

Patients also underwent a number of adjuvant procedures, including four ankle arthrosopies, two ankle arthroscopies, six supramalleolar osteotomies and five Achilles tenodesis releases, Rozbruch said.

**Unclear repair mechanism**

The patients’ AOFAS scores improved from a mean 55.05 preoperatively to 74.81 postoperatively, which was statistically significant, he said. Investigators also found that patients maintained their preoperative ankle range of motion. The mean dorsiflexion was 22° at preop and 42° postoperatively, plantar flexion changed from 32.4° to 33.8°.

"We were able to correct the equinus contractures in four patients, improving their arc of motion," Rozbruch said. SF-36 scores improved for all categories.

"None of the patients had undergone ankle fusions," he said. "All patients objectively state that they are happy that they underwent this procedure, and our impression is that these clinical results, in fact, improve over time."

Rozbruch added that the exact mechanism for cartilage regeneration with these devices is unclear. In addition, surgeons cannot always see radiographic improvement in the joint space, and the role of adjuvant procedures and ankle motion remain unclear.

"We have plans to do a prospective study and actually do MRI and cartilage sequencing before and after [fixation] to be a little bit more objective," Rozbruch said.

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For more information:
S. Robert Rozbruch, MD, can be reached at the Hospital for Special Surgery, 535 E. 70th St., New York, NY 10021; 212-606-1145; e-mail: stefan.rozbruch@hss.edu. He receives research support from Smith & Nephew and is a paid consultant for SBI. He also has a financial relationship with Dexcel.

**References:**

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This 18-year-old woman presented with post-traumatic avascular necrosis; joint space narrowing is apparent. Images: Rozbruch SP

In the same patient, from the talar side osteonecrosis is evident.

Here is the patient 2 years after wearing the Ilizarov fixator.

Rozbruch and his colleagues applied ankle joint distraction with the Ilizarov external fixator.

Another image of the patient's outcome.