

Figure 1: Axial inversion recovery MRI image demonstrates extensive subcutaneous edema that is consolidated around the superficial fascia of the lower leg compartments. The signal from muscle and bone marrow is unremarkable.

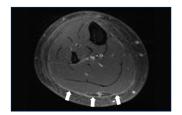


Figure 2: Axial post contrast fat suppressed T1 weighted MRI image demonstrates diffuse enhancement of the superficial fascia. There is no intramuscular enhancement to suggest myositis.

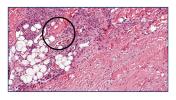


Figure 3: This intermediate-magnification photomicrograph from the fascia shows inflammation in the fat and around the vessels extending into the collagenous stroma (pink fibers) of the fascia, typical of eosinophilic fascitist. (H&E, x10).



Figure 4: This high-magnification photomicrograph from the skeletal muscle shows inflammation in the intersititum around vessels without nerrosis or degenerative changes of the surrounding muscle fibers indicating non-myositic interstitial inflammation appropriate for eosinophilic fascitits. (H&E, x20)